

Catholic Identity Standards

8.0 The student understands and integrates the content of what is learned into their faith and daily life.

- 8.0A recognize that every human life is sacred because each person is created and loved by God
- 8.0B describe ways to take part in/be responsible to the community by discerning and using our God-given gifts
- 8.0C recognize and oppose unjust social structures and work toward justice for all
- 8.0D see God at work in all things and as expressed in the sacraments
- 8.0E connect scripture, tradition, and the models of Mary and the saints to guide, grow, and deepen faith

Social Studies Skills

8.29 The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired through established research methodologies from a variety of valid sources, including technology.

- 8.29A differentiate between, locate, and use valid primary and secondary sources such as media and news services, biographies, interviews, and artifacts to acquire information about the United States
- 8.29B analyze information by applying absolute and relative chronology through sequencing, categorizing, identifying cause-and-effect relationships, comparing, contrasting, finding the main idea, summarizing, making generalizations and predictions, and drawing inferences and conclusions
- 8.29C organize and interpret information from outlines, reports, databases, and visuals, including graphs, charts, timelines, and maps
- 8.29D identify bias and points of view created by the historical context surrounding an event
- 8.29E formulate and communicate visually, orally, or in writing a claim supported by evidence and reasoning related to a social studies topic
- 8.29F evaluate a variety of historical and contemporary sources for validity, credibility, bias, and accuracy
- 8.29G create a visual representation of historical information such as thematic maps, graphs, and charts representing various aspects of the United States
- 8.29H pose and answer questions about geographic distributions and patterns shown on maps, graphs, and charts
- 8.IS7* identify, from the Catholic perspective, the motivating values, philosophies, and theologies that have informed particular societies (e.g., Mexico, Canada, early colonies in the U.S.)
- 8.IS11* compare the actions of peoples according to their historical and cultural norms to the expectations of current Catholic moral norms and virtues
- 8.IS15* analyze the thoughts and deeds of great men and women of the past
- 8.IS16* analyze and exhibit mastery of essential dates, persons, places, and facts, relevant to the Western tradition and the Catholic Church

Social Studies Skills

8.30 The student communicates in written, oral, and visual forms.

- 8.30A use social studies terminology correctly
- 8.30B use effective written communication skills, including proper citations and avoiding plagiarism
- 8.30C create written, oral, and visual presentations of social studies information
- 8.30D apply foundational language skills to engage in civil discourse about social studies topics, including those with multiple perspectives

Social Studies Skills

8.31 The student uses problem-solving and decision-making skills, working independently and with others.

- 8.31A describe governmental and democratic processes such as voting, due process, and caucuses using simulations and models
- 8.31B use problem-solving and decision-making processes to identify a problem, gather information, list and consider options, consider advantages and disadvantages, choose and implement a solution, and evaluate the effectiveness of the solution
- 8.IS3* analyze how life experiences and life choices create a personal history with eternal consequences
- 8.IS18* analyze historical events, especially those involving critical human experiences of good and evil, so as to enlarge understanding of self and others

History

8.1 The student understands traditional historical points of reference in U.S. history through 1877.

- 8.1A identify the major eras in U.S. history through 1877, including colonization, revolution, creation and ratification of the Constitution, early republic, the Age of Jackson, westward expansion, reform movements, sectionalism, Civil War, and Reconstruction, and describe their causes and effects
- 8.1B explain the significance of the following dates: 1607, founding of Jamestown; 1620, arrival of the Pilgrims and signing of the Mayflower Compact; 1776, adoption of the Declaration of Independence; 1787, writing of the U.S. Constitution; 1803, Louisiana Purchase; and 1861-1865, Civil War

History

8.2 The student understands the causes of exploration and colonization eras.

- 8.2A identify reasons for English, Spanish, and French exploration and colonization of North America
- 8.2B compare political, economic, religious, and social reasons for the establishment of the 13 English colonies

History

8.3 The student understands the foundations of representative government in the United States.

- 8.3A explain the reasons for the growth of representative government and institutions during the colonial period
- 8.3B analyze the importance of the Mayflower Compact, the Fundamental Orders of Connecticut, and the Virginia House of Burgesses to the growth of representative government
- 8.3C describe how religion and virtue contributed to the growth of representative government in the American colonies

History

8.4 The student understands significant political and economic issues of the revolutionary and Constitutional eras.

- 8.4A analyze causes of the American Revolution, including the Proclamation of 1763, the Intolerable Acts, the Stamp Act, mercantilism, lack of representation in Parliament, and British economic policies following the French and Indian War
- 8.4B explain the roles played by significant individuals during the American Revolution, including Abigail Adams, John Adams, Wentworth Cheswell, Samuel Adams, Mercy Otis Warren, James Armistead, Benjamin Franklin, Crispus Attucks, King George III, Patrick Henry, Thomas Jefferson, the Marquis de Lafayette, Thomas Paine, and George Washington
- 8.4C explain the issues surrounding important events of the American Revolution, including declaring independence; fighting the battles of Lexington and Concord, Saratoga, and Yorktown; enduring the winter at Valley Forge; and signing the Treaty of Paris of 1783
- 8.4D analyze the issues of the Constitutional Convention of 1787, including the Great Compromise and the Three-Fifths Compromise

History

8.5 The student understands the challenges confronted by the government and its leaders in the early years of the republic and the Age of Jackson.

- 8.5A describe major domestic problems faced by the leaders of the new republic, including maintaining national security, creating a stable economic system, and setting up the court system
- 8.5B explain the effects of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1793
- 8.5C summarize arguments regarding protective tariffs, taxation, and the banking system
- 8.5D explain the origin and development of American political parties
- 8.5E explain the causes, important events, and effects of the War of 1812
- 8.5F identify the foreign policies of presidents Washington through Monroe and explain the impact of Washington's Farewell Address and the Monroe Doctrine
- 8.5G explain the impact of the election of Andrew Jackson, including expanded suffrage
- 8.5H analyze the reasons for the removal and resettlement of Cherokee Indians during the Jacksonian era, including the Indian Removal Act, Worcester v. Georgia, and the Trail of Tears

History

8.6 The student understands westward expansion and its effects on the political, economic, and social development of the nation.

- 8.6A explain how the Northwest Ordinance established principles and procedures for orderly expansion of the United States
- 8.6B analyze the westward growth of the nation, including the Louisiana Purchase and Manifest Destiny
- 8.6C explain the causes and effects of the U.S.-Mexican War and their impact on the United States

History

8.7 The student understands how political, economic, and social factors led to the growth of sectionalism and the Civil War.

- 8.7A analyze the impact of tariff policies on sections of the United States before the Civil War
- 8.7B compare the effects of political, economic, and social factors on slaves and free Blacks
- 8.7C analyze the impact of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 on slavery, free Blacks, and abolitionists
- 8.7D analyze the impact of slavery on different sections of the United States
- 8.7E identify the provisions and compare the effects of congressional conflicts and compromises prior to the Civil War, including the role of John Quincy Adams

History

8.8 The student understands individuals, issues, and events of the Civil War.

- 8.8A explain the roles played by significant individuals during the Civil War, including Jefferson Davis, Ulysses S. Grant, Robert E. Lee, and Abraham Lincoln, and heroes such as congressional Medal of Honor recipients William Carney and Philip Bazaar
- 8.8B explain the central role of the expansion of slavery in causing sectionalism, disagreement over states' rights, and the Civil War
- 8.8C explain significant events of the Civil War, including the firing on Fort Sumter; the battles of Antietam, Gettysburg, and Vicksburg; the Emancipation Proclamation; Lee's surrender at Appomattox Court House; and the assassination of Abraham Lincoln
- 8.8D analyze Abraham Lincoln's ideas about liberty, equality, union, and government as contained in his first and second inaugural addresses and the Gettysburg Address and contrast them with the ideas contained in Jefferson Davis's inaugural address

History

8.9 The student understands the effects of Reconstruction on the political, economic, and social life of the nation.

- 8.9A evaluate legislative reform programs of the Radical Reconstruction Congress and reconstructed state governments
- 8.9B explain the impact of the election of African Americans from the South such as Hiram Rhodes Revels
- 8.9C explain the economic, political, and social problems during Reconstruction and evaluate their impact on different groups

Geography

8.10 The student understands the location and characteristics of places and regions of the United States, past and present.

- 8.10A locate places and regions directly related to major eras and turning points in the United States during the 17th, 18th, and 19th centuries
- 8.10B compare places and regions of the United States in terms of physical and human characteristics
- 8.10C analyze the effects of physical and human geographic factors such as weather, landforms, waterways, transportation, and communication on major

historical events in the United States

Geography

8.11 The student understands the physical characteristics of North America and how humans adapted to and modified the environment through the mid-19th century.

8.11A analyze how physical characteristics of the environment influenced population distribution, settlement patterns, and economic activities in the United States

8.11B describe the positive and negative consequences of human modification of the physical environment of the United States

Economics

8.12 The student understands why various sections of the United States developed different patterns of economic activity through 1877.

8.12A identify economic differences among different regions of the United States

8.12B explain reasons for the development of the plantation system, the transatlantic slave trade, and the spread of slavery

8.12C analyze the causes and effects of economic differences among different regions of the United States at selected times

Economics

8.13 The student understands how various economic forces resulted in the Industrial Revolution in the 19th century

8.13A analyze the economic effects of the War of 1812

8.13B identify the economic factors that brought about rapid industrialization and urbanization

8.IS24* summarize the case for the dignity of work and the rights of workers

Economics

8.14 The student understands the origins and development of the free enterprise system in the United States.

8.14A explain why a free enterprise system of economics developed in the new nation, including minimal government regulation, taxation, and property rights

8.14B describe the characteristics and the benefits of the U.S. free enterprise system through 1877

8.IS23* compare the right to own private property with the universal distribution of goods and the distribution of goods in a socialist society

Government

8.15 The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the Declaration of Independence, the U.S. Constitution, and other important historic documents.

8.15A identify the influence of ideas from historic documents, including the Magna Carta, the English Bill of Rights, the Mayflower Compact, and the Federalist Papers, on the U.S. system of government

8.15B summarize the strengths and weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation

8.15C identify colonial grievances listed in the Declaration of Independence and explain how those grievances were addressed in the U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights

8.15D analyze how the U.S. Constitution reflects the principles of limited government, republicanism, checks and balances, federalism, separation of powers, popular sovereignty, and individual rights

8.15E explain the role of significant individuals such as Thomas Hooker, Charles de Montesquieu, and John Locke in the development of self-government in colonial America

Government

8.16 The student understands the purpose of changing the U.S. Constitution and the impact of amendments on American society.

8.16A summarize the purposes for amending the U.S. Constitution

8.16B describe the impact of the 13th, 14th, and 15th amendments

Government

8.17 The student understands the dynamic nature of the powers of the national government and state governments in a federal system.

8.17A analyze the arguments of the Federalists and Anti-Federalists, including those of Alexander Hamilton, Patrick Henry, James Madison, and George Mason, and explain how their debates exemplify civil discourse

8.17B explain constitutional issues arising over the issue of states' rights, including the Nullification Crisis and the Civil War

Government

8.18 The student understands the impact of landmark Supreme Court cases.

8.18A identify the origin of judicial review

8.18B summarize the issues, decisions, and significance of landmark Supreme Court cases, including Marbury v. Madison, McCulloch v. Maryland, and Gibbons v. Ogden

8.18C evaluate the impact of the landmark Supreme Court decision Dred Scott v. Sandford on life in the United States

Citizenship

8.19 The student understands the rights and responsibilities of citizens of the United States.

- 8.19A define and give examples of unalienable rights
- 8.19B summarize rights guaranteed in the Bill of Rights
- 8.19C identify examples of responsible citizenship, including obeying rules and laws, staying informed on public issues, voting, and serving on juries

Citizenship

8.20 The student understands the importance of voluntary individual participation in the democratic process.

- 8.20A evaluate the contributions of the Founding Fathers as models of civic virtue
- 8.20B analyze reasons for and the impact of selected examples of civil disobedience in U.S. history such as the Boston Tea Party and Henry David Thoreau's refusal to pay a tax

Citizenship

8.21 The student understands the importance of the expression of different points of view in a constitutional republic.

- 8.21A identify different points of view of political parties and interest groups on important historical issues
- 8.21B describe the importance of free speech and press in a constitutional republic
- 8.21C summarize historical events in which compromise resulted in a resolution such as the Missouri Compromise, Compromise of 1850, and Kansas-Nebraska Act

Citizenship

8.22 The student understands the importance of effective leadership in a constitutional republic.

- 8.22A analyze the leadership qualities of elected and appointed leaders of the United States such as George Washington, John Marshall, and Abraham Lincoln
- 8.22B describe the contributions of significant political, social, and military leaders of the United States such as Frederick Douglass, John Paul Jones, Susan B. Anthony, and Elizabeth Cady Stanton

Culture

8.23 The student understands the relationships between and among people from various groups, including racial, ethnic, and religious groups, during the 17th, 18th, and 19th centuries.

- 8.23A identify racial, ethnic, and religious groups that settled in the United States and explain their reasons for immigration
- 8.23B explain how urbanization contributed to conflicts resulting from differences in religion, social class, and political beliefs
- 8.23C identify ways conflicts between people from various racial, ethnic, and religious groups were addressed
- 8.23D analyze the contributions of people of various racial, ethnic, and religious groups to our national identity
- 8.23E identify the political, social, and economic contributions of women to American society

Culture

8.24 The student understands the major reform movements of the 19th century.

- 8.24A describe and evaluate the historical development of the abolition movement, including activities that focused attention on the moral ills of slavery
- 8.24B evaluate the impact of reform movements, including educational reform, temperance, the women's rights movement, prison reform, the labor reform movement, and care of the disabled

Culture

8.25 The student understands the impact of religion on the American way of life.

- 8.25A trace the development of religious freedom in the United States
- 8.25B describe religious influences on social movements, including the impact of the first and second Great Awakenings
- 8.25C analyze the impact of the First Amendment guarantees of religious freedom on the American way of life

Culture

8.26 The student understands the relationship between the arts and the times during which they were created.

- 8.26A identify examples of American art, music, and literature that reflect society in different eras such as the Hudson River School artists, the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," and transcendental literature
- 8.26B analyze the relationship between the arts and continuity and change in the American way of life

Science, Technology, and Society

8.27 The student understands the impact of science and technology on the economic development of the United States.

- 8.27A explain the effects of technological and scientific innovations such as the steamboat, the cotton gin, the telegraph, and interchangeable parts
- 8.27B analyze how technological innovations changed the way goods were manufactured and distributed, nationally and internationally
- 8.27C analyze how technological innovations brought about economic growth such as the development of the factory system and the construction of the Transcontinental Railroad

Science, Technology, and Society

8.28	The student understands the impact of scientific discoveries and technological innovations on daily life in the United States.
8.28A	compare the effects of scientific discoveries and technological innovations that have influenced daily life in different periods in U.S. history
8.28B	identify examples of how industrialization changed life in the United States